Surviving Another Pandemic HIV and the Aging Adult Population

It's All About the Numbers: How Grey is the HIV Epidemic?

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National Resource Center on HIV and Aging

www.AgingHIV.org



New Journal Articles of Interest on HIV and Aging









THE Most Comprehensive Information Source for Older Adults with HIV



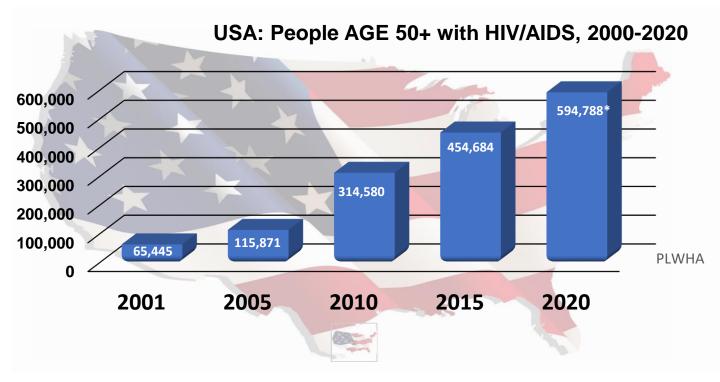
The number of older adults living with HIV is increasing.

loday older adults dominate the HIV Epidemic in the USA

Nearly 60% of people living with HIV are age 50 and older

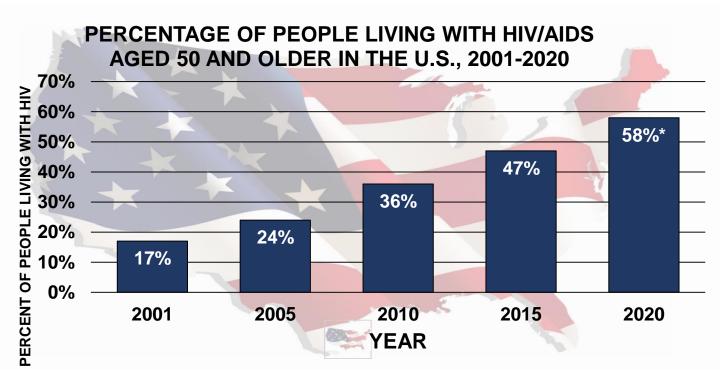
Half of these older adults are Long Term Survivors





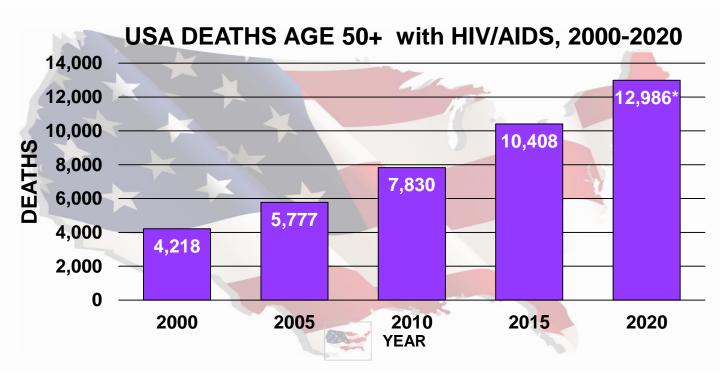
Data derived from CDC USA HIV Surveillance Reports





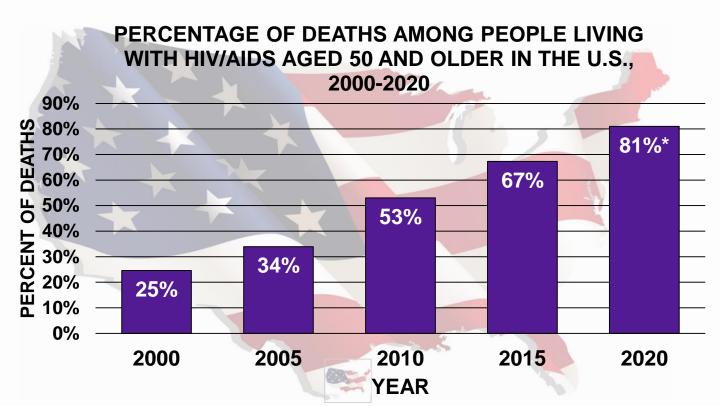
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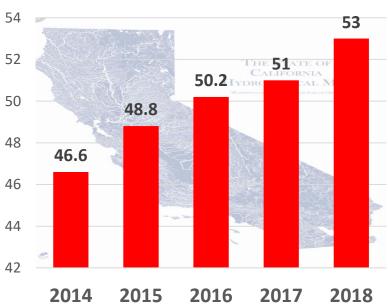
Data derived from DC USA HIV Surveillance Reports



<u>California</u> has the highest number of people living with HIV

Of those living with HIV in California, the largest group is White with 48,155 people and the second-largest is Latino with 48,029.

% PLWHA AGE 50+ California PLWHA 124,000 – 135,000





AGE is not a CONDOM Campaigns

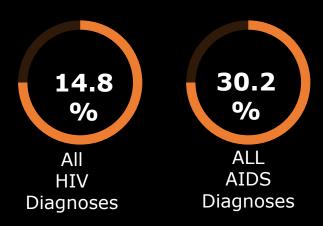








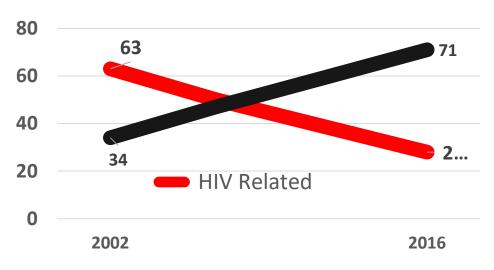
New HIV Diagnoses in People Age 50+ USA





Where are We Clinically?

HIV and Non-HIV Related Deaths by Percent in NYC 2002-2016



Data from NYC HIV Surveillance Reports



Trends in Deaths and Causes NYC 2003-2017

CAUSE OF DEATH ¹															
HIV-RELATED (%)	63	60	59	56	54	53	48	47	43			34	34	31	28
NON-HIV-RELATED (%)	34	37	39	43	46	46	50	51	54	59	60	61	63	67	71
CVD	8	9	9	10	11	12	13	13	13	15	14	16	17	19	22
CANCER ²	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	13	15	16	16	15	17	16	18
ACCIDENTAL OD	0	0	0	1		3	4	3	3		4			7	8
INFECTIOUS DISEASES	3	4	4			3	4			5	6	6		5	3
EXTERNAL CAUSES	3	3	3	4	3	4	3	5		5	4		5		4
OTHER	12	12	13	13	9	11	12	11	15	13	17	16	14	15	16
									_						
2004												\rightarrow	→ 2017		

Data from NYC HIV Surveillance Reports



Trends in Deaths and Causes NYC 2003-2017

 TABLE 18.1: Trends in proportions of major causes of death among people with HIV, NYC 2003-2017

 2003
 2004
 2005
 2006
 2007
 2008
 2009
 2010
 2011
 2012
 2013
 2014
 2015
 2016
 2017

 Total Deaths (N)
 (2,902)
 (2,717)
 (2,692)
 (2,467)
 (2,337)
 (2,357)
 (2,245)
 (2,079)
 (2,061)
 (1,906)
 (1,863)
 (1,803)
 (1,768)
 (1,801)
 (1,759)



THE COMPLICATION OF SUCCESS

Many Age-Associated Diseases are More Common in Treated HIV Patients than in Age-Matched Uninfected Persons

Cancer (non-AIDS)

Cardiovascular disease

Osteoporosis

Liver disease

Renal disease

Neurocognitive disorders

Metabolic: diabetes, dyslipidemia

Frailty

Macular Degeneration

Hearing Loss (high & low freq)



WHY?

From initial HIV infection there is a cascade of inflammation that occurs

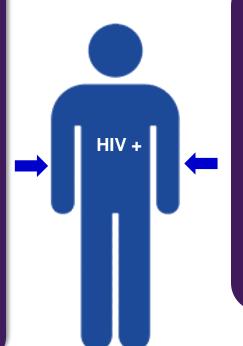


It is not stopped but only blunted by HIV treatment



RISKS

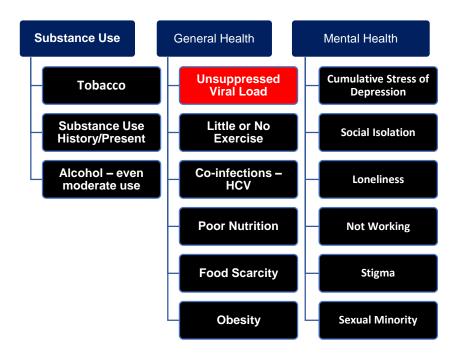
- Smoking
- Substance Use History/Prese nt
- Alcohol –
 even
 moderate use
- Poor Nutrition
- Little or No Exercise
- Co-infections
 - HCV
- Cumulative Stress of Depression



- Social Isolation
- Not working
- Obesity
- Stigma
- Loneliness
- Sexual Minority
- Food Scarcity

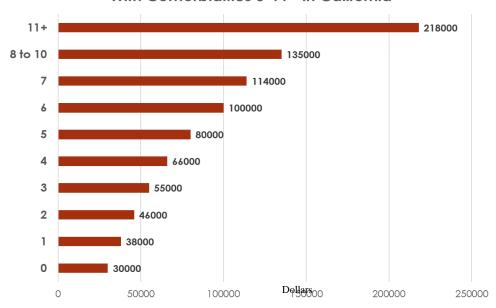


Risks for Multimorbidity





Annual Cost of Treatment for One HIV Patient With Comorbidities 0-11+ in California



Zingmond DS, Arfer KB, Gildner JL, Leibowitz AA (2017) The cost of comorbidities in treatment for HIV/AIDS in California. PLoS ONE 12 (12): e0189392.

ROAH

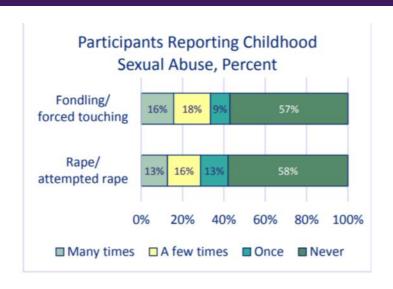
Research on Older Adults with HIV 2.0



Can be found at www.AGINGHIV.org

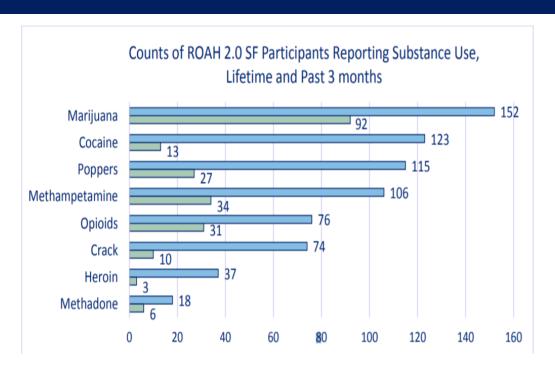


Sexual Abuse



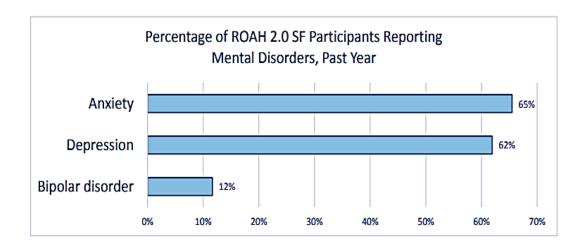


Substance Use





ROAH 2.0 Self Report Mental Disorders



RISK FACTORS ROAH 2.0

44% Currently Drink

28% Smoke

35% PTSD

50% Have Depression

85% Poor Diet

80% Do Not Exercise



Like All Older Adults with HIV Long Term Survivors exhibit 3-5 higher rates of depression and are largely socially disconnected

"There are things that are **WOISE** than AIDS, like loneliness."



Summary Observations: COVID Impacts Older Adults with HIV

- The average age of respondents was 64.2 years.
- The vast majority (97.9%) reported wearing face coverings.
- 84.0% reporting that COVID brought up similar feelings of the early years of the AIDS epidemic
- Changes in sleep patterns (54.3%)
- Increases of 23.5% in alcohol use
- Not getting enough exercise (67.0%)
- The majority (93.5%) reported feeling more socially isolated
- 41% stated that the quality of their relationships with friends had gotten worse
- 32% & 49% said relationships with family and significant others, respectively, have gotten better.
- Keeping in touch by phone (90.4%), videoconference (56.4%), or face-to-face (39.4%).
- People (47.9%) missed a healthcare appointment during COVID
- 71.2% experienced interruptions in their mental health care
- Half (52.7%) had a current 3-month supply of HIV medications.
- Many (59.1%) stated that advance care planning is more important now

Data from NIH supported study by PI Annie Nguy PhD et al at USC. Accepted for presentation at USPHS Conference 2020





On May 27 2020

Long Term Survivor Larry Kramer died at age 84



He founded what would become the largest and oldest AIDS Service Organization

The Gay Men's Health Crisis

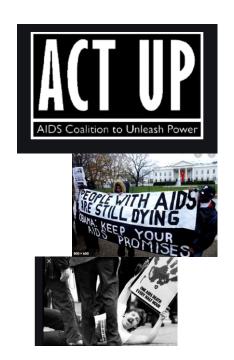




He Founded the Revolutionary

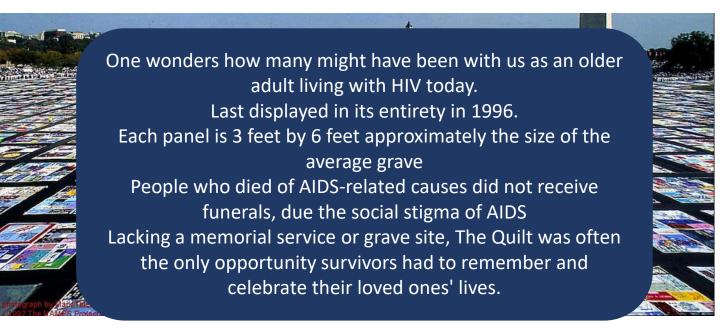
and he taught us these truths







The Quilt



Examples of Publications for Downloading from the www.AGingHIV.org site







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New Journal Articles of Interest on HIV and Aging









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Thank you.....





